

# Rola miast w międzynarodowym zarządzaniu Arktyką w dobie kryzysu współpracy regionalnej

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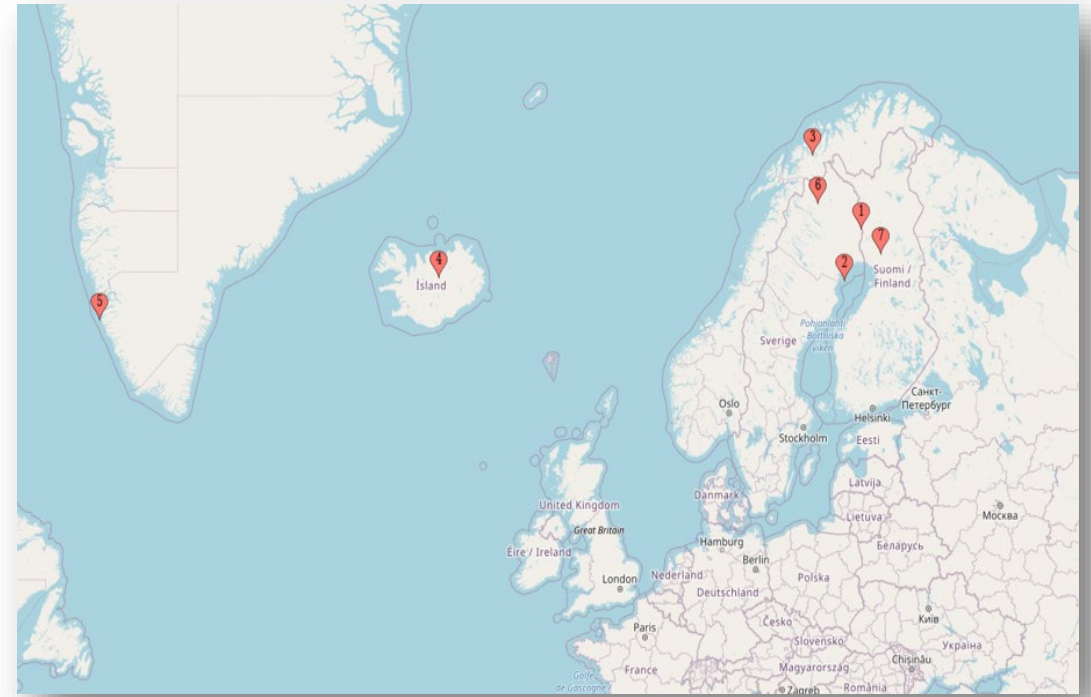
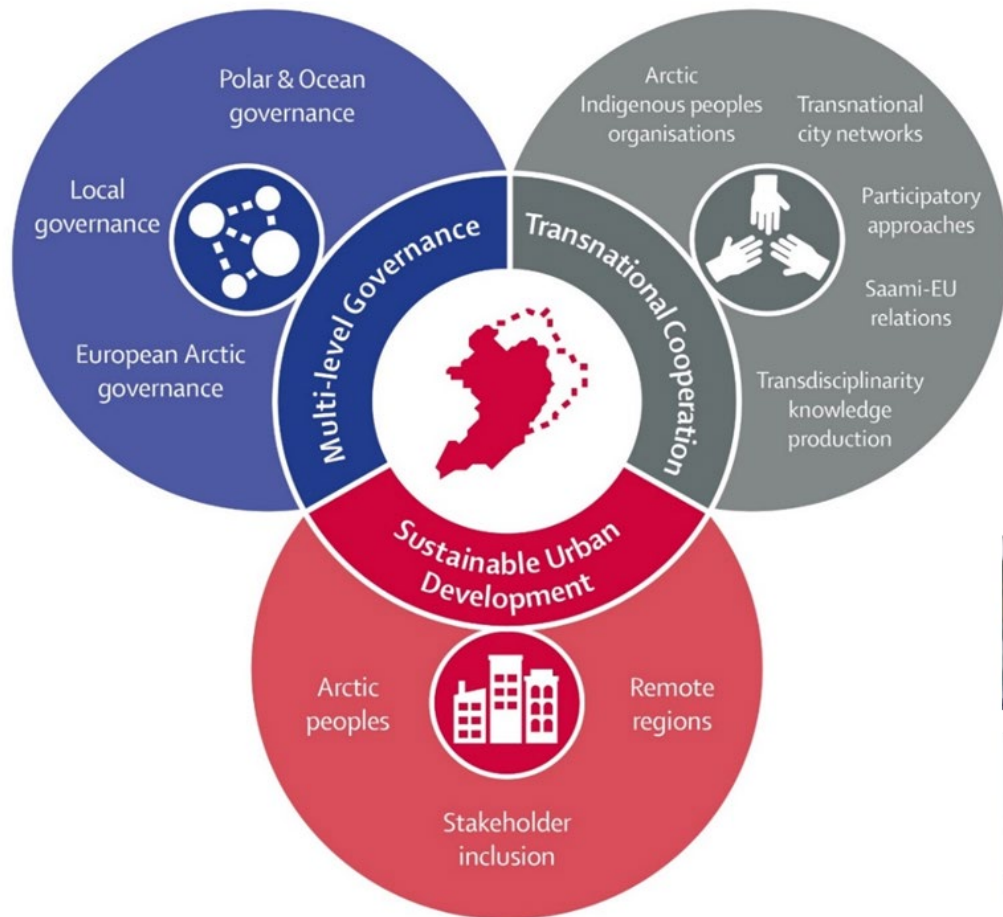
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# Zrównoważony rozwój miast w Arktyce europejskiej.

## Rozwój transnarodowego wymiaru zarządzania w regionach peryferyjnych



# SUDEEA

**IDOS** German Institute of Development and Sustainability

**eco logic**

**UMCS**  
MARIA CURIE-SKŁODOWSKA UNIVERSITY

## Chapter 6

# Transnational Cities Alliances and Their Role in Policy-Making in Sustainable Urban Development in the European Arctic



Dorothea Wehrmann, Michał Łuszczuk, Katarzyna Radzik-Maruszak, Arne Riedel, and Jacqueline Götze

**Abstract** Non-governmental actors perform an important role in the functioning of democracy. However, they are often perceived as being less tied to its principles as they are not fully controlled by democratic procedures and institutions. This chapter focuses on transnational alliances between cities in the European Arctic as a special kind of non-governmental actors. Different to other non-governmental actors, the collaborating actors are here elected representatives. But do such alliances have a greater authority in Arctic politics? The purpose of this chapter is twofold: First, it introduces the Nordic model of local self-government to discuss public participation in Arctic cities and the possibilities and hindrances of stakeholders to inform policy-making processes in the context of Arctic urban development. Second, this chapter seeks to assess in how far city-alliances – like the Arctic Mayors’ Forum (AMF) – as a specific kind of non-governmental actors have a unique say in Arctic politics at the national, regional, and local levels. It further investigates in how far such alliances can be perceived as actors that are crucial to enhance more coherent

Springer Polar Sciences

Nikolas Sellheim  
Dwayne Ryan Menezes *Editors*

# Non-state Actors in the Arctic Region

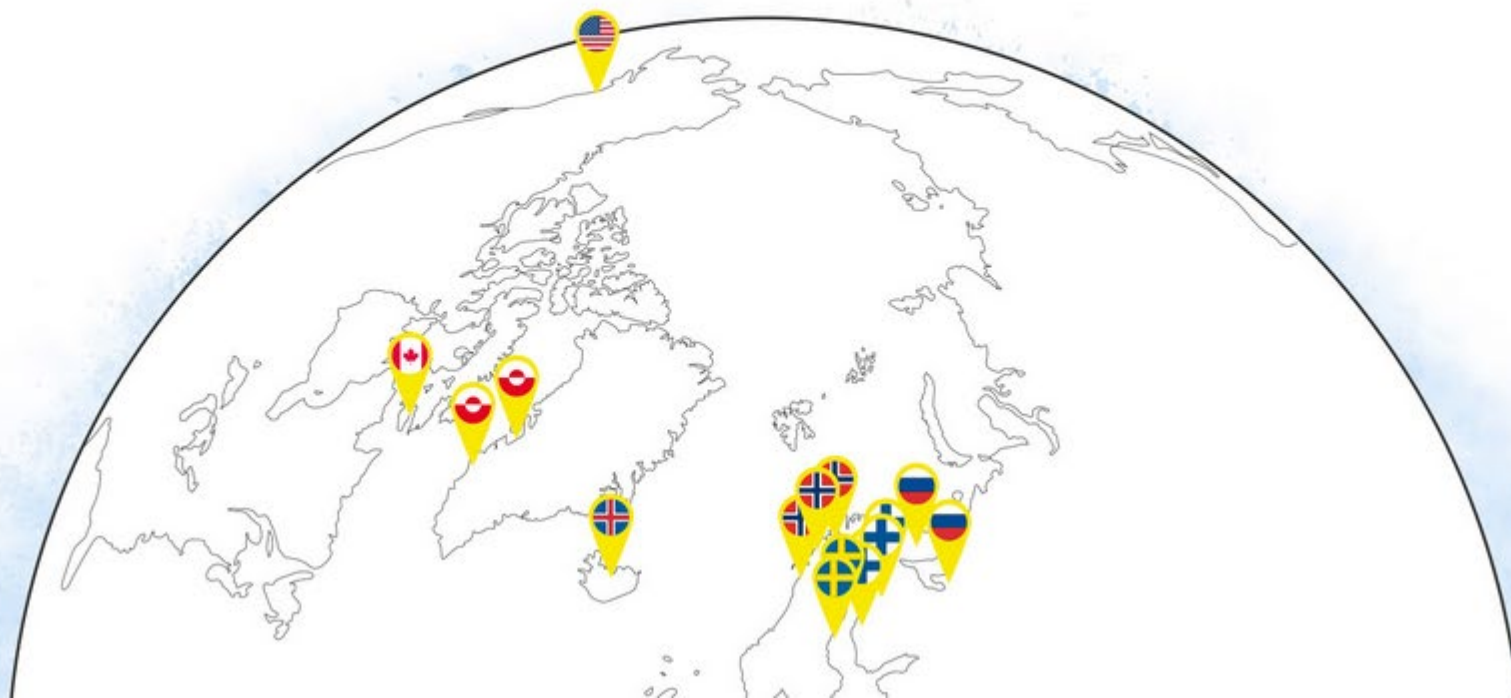
 Springer



# Arctic Mayors' Forum

The Arctic Mayors forum  
Unified decision making in the Arctic area

Arctic Mayor municipal leaders contribute the local knowledge necessary to make wise decisions in the Arctic region, providing a more direct conduit between local people and distant policy makers.



# ARCTIC MAYORS' FORUM (AMF) FOUNDATION DOCUMENT

## 1. OUR MOTIVATION

The current Arctic governance system offers no formalized and structured procedure for local communities to be involved on a continuous basis in Arctic policy decision-making processes. Mayors and elected leaders from northern local governments within the eight Arctic nations saw a need to create a common platform for cooperation; to exchange experiences, to define shared challenges and opportunities to promote and advocate the interests of local peoples and communities in the Arctic nations.

## 2. OUR MISSION

The mission is to ensure local government participation of mayors and elected community leaders in all levels of Arctic governance to safeguard that the values, goals and interests of the Arctic peoples are voiced and considered in achieving good lives, sustainable development and resilient communities in the Arctic.

The mission will be achieved through providing a collaborative platform for cooperation and coordination between the members of the Arctic Mayors' Forum and with other national, regional and international institutions.





# Arctic Mayors' Forum



## MEMBERS

AKUREYRI, ICELAND

ANCHORAGE, USA

BODØ, NORWAY

IQALUIT, CANADA

KEMI, FINLAND

LULEÅ, SWEDEN

OULU, FINLAND

## MEMBERS

QEQERTALIK, GREENLAND

ROVANIEMI, FINLAND

SERMERSOOQ, GREENLAND

SØR-VARANGER, NORWAY

TORNIO, FINLAND

TROMSØ, NORWAY

UMEÅ, SWEDEN



## SZANSE, MOCNE STRONY

1. wyraźne poczucie wspólnoty
2. duże znaczenie władz miasta w regionach peryferyjnych
3. wzrost roli paradyplomacji
4. wsparcie państw (dyplomacja publiczna?)
5. uwaga świata na Arktykę
6. relatywny rozwój części z miast (specyfika arktycznych obszarów wiejskich, napływ inwestycji)
7. do 24.02.22 sprzyjający system zarządzania

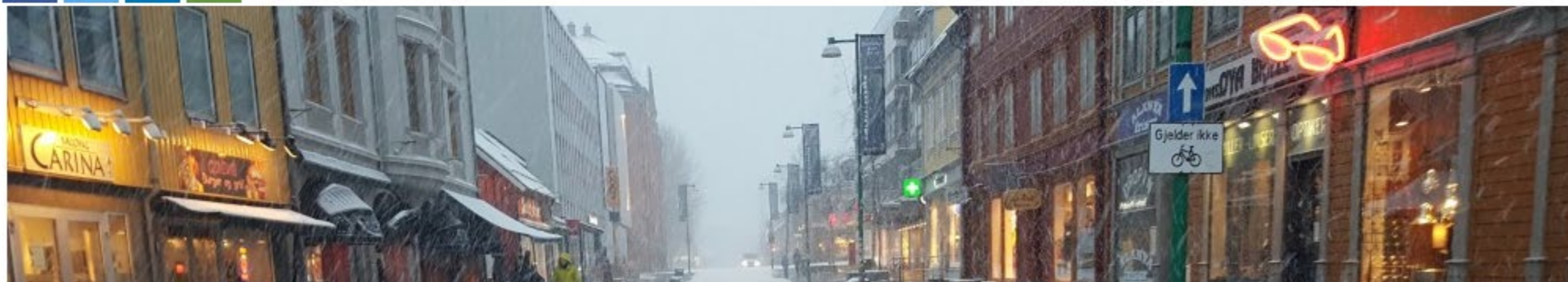
## ZAGROŻENIA, SŁABE STRONY

1. peryferyjność
2. ograniczone zasoby kadrowe i finansowe
3. różnice kompetencyjne między miastami
4. bariery formalno-administracyjne dla współpracy
5. „opieka” ze strony państw
6. wyhamowany start (pandemia)
7. sytuacja geopolityczna od 24.02.22

# Tromsø terminates friendship agreements with Murmansk Arkhangelsk and Nadym

*Tromsø's sister city agreement with Murmansk dates back to 1972.*

By **Thomas Nilsen, The Independent Barents Observer** - October 25, 2022



Published at: Jan 31 2023 - 23:29 / Updated at: Feb 03 2023 - 15:21

***Tromsø, Northern Norway: Mayors from across the Arctic met in Tromsø, Northern Norway to officially open the Arctic Mayors' Forum Secretariat.***



# Lekcje z Arktyki

- 1. Rozwój sieci miast w dużej mierze zależy od warunków współpracy mn., obecnie od stanu środowiska międzynarodowego (konflikty, rywalizacja, niepewność, wyzwania)**
- 2. Funkcjonowanie sieci miast z regionów peryferyjnych napotyka na więcej barier niż w innych regionach.**
- 3. Sieci miast nie stanowią wiodącego narzędzia współpracy mn. miast, tym samym paradyplomacja miast jest bardziej symboliczna i okazjonalna, niż efektywna i regularna**